

## **LIVE EAT PLAY Colorado**



## **Making Recipes Healthier**

Most recipes can be made healthier without changing the taste or texture of the food.

## Here are some ideas:

- 1. Reduce the amount of fat and sugar: With most recipes, an easy way to cut calories is to reduce the amount of fat and sugar.
  - In baked goods use half the butter, shortening, or oil and replace the other half with unsweetened applesauce, mashed banana, or prune puree.
  - Choose lower fat meats, such as skinless poultry, fish, lean cuts of beef or pork, and extra lean ground turkey instead of ground beef.
  - Reduce the amount of sugar in a recipe by 1/3 to 1/2. When you use less sugar, add spices such as cinnamon, cloves, allspice, and nutmeg or flavorings like vanilla extract or almond extract to enhance the sweetness of the food.
- 2. Increase the amount of fiber: Boosting the fiber content of your food will reduce cravings to snack by helping you feel full longer and more satisfied.
  - Choose 100% whole wheat pasta or bread instead of items containing refined grains.
  - Add extra fruits and vegetables to soups, sauces, and main dishes.
  - Try beans this healthy alternative to meat is naturally high in fiber and protein.
- Change the method of preparation: Healthy cooking techniques such as braising, broiling, grilling, or steaming can capture the flavor without adding extra calories.
  - Instead of frying in oil or butter, try baking, broiling, or poaching.
  - If the directions say to baste meat products in oil or drippings, use wine, fruit juice, vegetable
    juice, or fat-free vegetable broth instead.
  - Use non-stick pans to reduce the amount of oil needed for cooking.
- **4. Change the portion size:** No matter how much you reduce or substitute ingredients, some recipes may still be too high in sugar and fat. In these cases, reduce the portion size you eat.

## **Healthy Ingredient Substitutions**

Ingredients can also be changed in some recipes to make them healthier.

	Try these substitutions Instead
DAIRY	
Eggs	<ul><li>Flax seed</li><li>Avocado</li></ul>
Whole Eggs	Three egg whites, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> cup egg substitute
Cream-based soup	<ul> <li>Fat-free or low-fat milk-based soups</li> <li>Thickening agents: potato flakes, pureed carrots, or tofu</li> </ul>
Sour cream	<ul> <li>Low-fat or nonfat sour cream</li> <li>Plain nonfat yogurt (don't use in baked goods, it makes them too watery)</li> </ul>
Regular cheese	<ul> <li>Fat-free or low-fat cheese (less than two grams of fat per ounce)</li> </ul>
GRAINS	
Enriched White Flours	<ul> <li>100% whole wheat flour, whole wheat pastry flour</li> </ul>
White Rice	Brown rice, 10-minute brown rice
Enriched Spaghetti	<ul><li>Whole wheat spaghetti noodles</li><li>Brown rice noodles</li></ul>
PROTEIN	Brown rice noodies
Ground beef or pork sausage	Ground turkey breast (breast meat only, lean, no skin)
FRUITS/VEGETABLES	
Out of season	<ul> <li>Frozen fruit and vegetables without added sodium or sugar (they have the same nutrient value)</li> <li>Canned fruit in juice or light syrup</li> </ul>
FATO/OH O	Canned vegetables without added sodium
FATS/OILS	Light and higher process of accounting
Margarine, shortening, or butter	<ul> <li>Light, non-hydrogenated margarine</li> <li>Vegetable oil spray</li> <li>Oils in moderation</li> <li>Applesauce or fruit puree (in baked goods)</li> </ul>
Regular mayonnaise or salad dressing	<ul><li>Nonfat or low-fat mayonnaise or salad dressing</li><li>Nonfat or low-fat plain yogurt</li></ul>